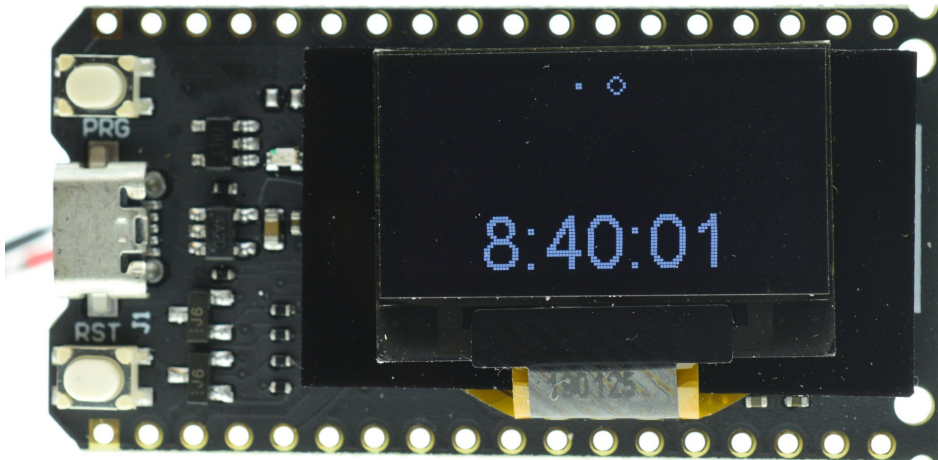


ESP32 TTGO V2.0 OLED Clock Demo



<https://github.com/ThingPulse/esp8266-oled-ssd1306/tree/master/examples/SSD1306ClockDemo>

Screen definition

```
SSD1306Wire display(0x3c, 4, 15);
```

Screen reset

```
pinMode(16, OUTPUT);  
digitalWrite(16, 1);
```

Demo

```
/**  
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```

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*/

#include <TimeLib.h>
#include <Wire.h> // Only needed for Arduino 1.6.5 and earlier
#include "SSD1306Wire.h" // legacy include: `#include "SSD1306.h"`

// Include the UI lib
#include "OLEDDisplayUi.h"

// Include custom images

SSD1306Wire display(0x3c, 4, 15);

OLEDDisplayUi ui ( &display );

int screenW = 128;
int screenH = 64;
int clockCenterX = screenW/2;
int clockCenterY = ((screenH-16)/2)+16; // top yellow part is 16 px height
int clockRadius = 23;
const unsigned char activeSymbol[] PROGMEM = {
  B00000000,
  B00000000,
  B00011000,
  B00100100,
  B01000010,
  B01000010,
  B00100100,
  B00011000
};

const unsigned char inactiveSymbol[] PROGMEM = {
  B00000000,
  B00000000,
  B00000000,
  B00000000,
  B00011000,
  B00011000,
  B00000000,
  B00000000
};

// utility function for digital clock display: prints leading 0
String twoDigits(int digits){
  if(digits < 10) {
    String i = '0'+String(digits);
    return i;
  }
  else {
    return String(digits);
  }
}

void clockOverlay(OLEDDisplay *display, OLEDDisplayUiState* state) {

}

void analogClockFrame(OLEDDisplay *display, OLEDDisplayUiState* state, int16_t x, int16_t y) {
  // ui.disableIndicator();

  // Draw the clock face
  // display->drawCircle(clockCenterX + x, clockCenterY + y, clockRadius);
  display->drawCircle(clockCenterX + x, clockCenterY + y, 2);
  //
  //hour ticks
  for( int z=0; z < 360;z= z + 30 ){
    //Begin at 0° and stop at 360°
    float angle = z ;
    angle = ( angle / 57.29577951 ) ; //Convert degrees to radians

```

```

int x2 = ( clockCenterX + ( sin(angle) * clockRadius ) );
int y2 = ( clockCenterY - ( cos(angle) * clockRadius ) );
int x3 = ( clockCenterX + ( sin(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 8 ) ) ) );
int y3 = ( clockCenterY - ( cos(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 8 ) ) ) );
display->drawLine( x2 + x , y2 + y , x3 + x , y3 + y);
}

// display second hand
float angle = second() * 6 ;
angle = ( angle / 57.29577951 ) ; //Convert degrees to radians
int x3 = ( clockCenterX + ( sin(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 5 ) ) ) );
int y3 = ( clockCenterY - ( cos(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 5 ) ) ) );
display->drawLine( clockCenterX + x , clockCenterY + y , x3 + x , y3 + y);
//
// display minute hand
angle = minute() * 6 ;
angle = ( angle / 57.29577951 ) ; //Convert degrees to radians
x3 = ( clockCenterX + ( sin(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 4 ) ) ) );
y3 = ( clockCenterY - ( cos(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 4 ) ) ) );
display->drawLine( clockCenterX + x , clockCenterY + y , x3 + x , y3 + y);
//
// display hour hand
angle = hour() * 30 + int( ( minute() / 12 ) * 6 ) ;
angle = ( angle / 57.29577951 ) ; //Convert degrees to radians
x3 = ( clockCenterX + ( sin(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 2 ) ) ) );
y3 = ( clockCenterY - ( cos(angle) * ( clockRadius - ( clockRadius / 2 ) ) ) );
display->drawLine( clockCenterX + x , clockCenterY + y , x3 + x , y3 + y);
}

void digitalClockFrame(OLEDDisplay *display, OLEDDisplayUiState* state, int16_t x, int16_t y) {
String timenow = String(hour())+": "+twoDigits(minute())+": "+twoDigits(second());
display->setTextAlignment(TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER);
display->setFont(ArialMT_Plain_24);
display->drawString(clockCenterX + x , clockCenterY + y, timenow );
}

// This array keeps function pointers to all frames
// frames are the single views that slide in
FrameCallback frames[] = { analogClockFrame, digitalClockFrame };

// how many frames are there?
int frameCount = 2;

// Overlays are statically drawn on top of a frame eg. a clock
OverlayCallback overlays[] = { clockOverlay };
int overlaysCount = 1;

void setup() {
Serial.begin(9600);
Serial.println();
// "Manual" Screen reset
pinMode(16, OUTPUT);
digitalWrite(16, 1);

// The ESP is capable of rendering 60fps in 80Mhz mode
// but that won't give you much time for anything else
// run it in 160Mhz mode or just set it to 30 fps
ui.setTargetFPS(60);

// Customize the active and inactive symbol
ui.setActiveSymbol(activeSymbol);
ui.setInactiveSymbol(inactiveSymbol);

// You can change this to
// TOP, LEFT, BOTTOM, RIGHT
ui.setIndicatorPosition(TOP);

// Defines where the first frame is located in the bar.
ui.setIndicatorDirection(LEFT_RIGHT);

// You can change the transition that is used

```

```
// SLIDE_LEFT, SLIDE_RIGHT, SLIDE_UP, SLIDE_DOWN
ui.setFrameAnimation(SLIDE_LEFT);

// Add frames
ui.setFrames(frames, frameCount);

// Add overlays
ui.setOverlays(overlays, overlaysCount);

// Initialising the UI will init the display too.
ui.init();

display.flipScreenVertically();

unsigned long secsSinceStart = millis();
// Unix time starts on Jan 1 1970. In seconds, that's 2208988800:
const unsigned long seventyYears = 2208988800UL;
// subtract seventy years:
unsigned long epoch = secsSinceStart - seventyYears * SECS_PER_HOUR;
setTime(epoch);

}

void loop() {
  int remainingTimeBudget = ui.update();

  if (remainingTimeBudget > 0) {
    // You can do some work here
    // Don't do stuff if you are below your
    // time budget.
    delay(remainingTimeBudget);
  }
}
```